# **RISHIKUL SANATAN COLLEGE**

# **SOCIAL SCIENCE DEPARTMENT- 2021**

# **WORKSHEET 1**

## **SHORT ANSWERS**

- (i) State **two** ways in which road accidents in Fiji could be minimized?
- (ii) Describe **two** ways the people of Fiji can support Anti Suicide Day.
- (iii) Explain **two** ways of preventing violence against children in Fiji.

#### RESOURCE INTERPRETATION

Use the resource given below and your knowledge to answer the questions that follow.



- (i) Name the type of settlement shown in the above resource?
- (ii) Explain two problems faced by people living in this type of settlement.
- (iii) State a way in which government can assist people living in this settlement.

### PARGRAPH WRITING

Covid 19 has become a major health crisis for Fiji and the rest of the world. In a paragraph, discuss **two** causes of its significant spread and the **one** effect it has on students. Also state **two** ways the government and the people can help in eradicating this pandemic.

II. <u>Matching</u> (10 marks)

# Match the terms in Column A with definitions in Column B

COLUMN A		COLUMN B	
1	Equality	A	This is when unacceptable
			behaviour becomes a common
			sight.
2	Responsible	В	A state of being free
3	Formal Controls	C	A state of being equal
4	Social Deviance	D	to be accountable for your
			actions.
5	Freedom	E	are measures taken to control
			the behaviour of people in a
			community
6	Social Controls	F	is made up of Judges and
			Magistrates who protect the
			legal aspect of the law.
7	Constructive Conflict	G	these are unwritten rules
			passed down verbally from one
			generation to another.
			For example, customs,
			traditions and family rules.
8	Informal Control	H	the faith and beliefs we have
9	Religion	I	these are conflicts from which
			one can learn and these
			conflicts can make our life
			better.
10	Destructive Conflict	Ç	these are conflicts that lead to
			the downfall of people or death
		K	these are rules that are
			formally written down in black
			and white. For example, school
			rules, constitution, decrees,
			laws and Regulations.

# II. <u>Matching</u> (10 marks) Match the terms in Column A with definitions in Column B

Column A			Column B
1	Racism	A	when one opts to cling to his/her culture and does not mix or integrate with people of other cultures
2	Discrimination	В	when a dominant culture absorbs or takes over an existing culture. For example, an Indian woman marrying into a Fijian family.
3	Segregation	C	process whereby one keeps his or her own culture and adopts good things from other cultures, for example, i-Taukei learning to make roti, Indian males wearing Sulu vakataga.
4	Assimilation	D	normally occurs in society where many races of people are living together. It is when one favours his/her own race over the others in terms of jobs, admission to institutions and use of facilities.
5	Ethnocentrism	Ē	refers to the many ethnic groups living together with various cultural characteristics
6	Acculturation	F	are those things you would like to acquire
7	Apartheid	G	means believing that one's own ethnic group or culture is superior. It is based on the view that one's own group is the centre of everything and is the most important.
8	Prejudice	H	a strong feeling of like or dislike towards someone or something. It is not based on reason or experience.
9	Integration	I	originated in South Africa whereby people of different races were separated and made to live apart for example, "schools for whites only".
10	Cultural Diversity	J	means borrowing parts of another culture, while keeping to the basics of your own culture.
		K	usually means a powerful group prevents another group from sharing. They either are pushed away, not included in activities or abused and ignored by people