Year 12 Chemistry 28/06/21 – 02/07/21

WORKSHEET 5

<u>Day 1</u>

- 1. Which of the following Group I element is most electronegative?
- A. Hydrogen (H)
- B. Lithium (Li)
- C. Sodium (Na)
- D. Potassium (K)

2. The compound which has two lone pairs of electrons on the central atom is

- A. carbon dioxide (CO₂).
- B. boron trichloride (BCl₃).
- C. hydrogen sulphide (H₂S).
- D. carbon tetrachloride (CCl₄).
- 3. Metallic solids conduct electricity due to the presence of
- A. freely moving ions.
- B. giant metallic structure.
- C. freely moving electrons.
- D. electrostatic forces of attraction.

<u>Day 2</u>

4. The trend in electronegativity changes across the Period and down the Group of a Periodic Table.

(i) State the trend in electronegativity across the Period of a Periodic Table.

- (ii) Provide a reason for the trend stated in part (i) above.
- 5. Draw the Lewis structure of oxygen gas molecule (O₂) and determine its shape.

Day 3

6. Based on the structure, explain why ammonia is a polar molecule.

7. The electron group geometry for water (H_2O) is

A. linear.

- B. bent shape.
- C. tetrahedral.
- D. trigonal planar.

<u>Day 4</u>

1. Which of the following shapes of molecule is asymmetrical?

- A. Linear
- B. Tetrahedral
- C. Trigonal planar
- D. Trigonal pyramidal

2. Which of the following solids is composed of positive and negative ions held by strong electrostatic forces of attraction?

- A. Graphite
- B. Diamond
- C. Silicon dioxide
- D. Sodium chloride

3. Which of the following type of solid has low melting and boiling points?

- A. Ionic
- B. Metallic
- C. Molecular
- D. 3-dimensional network

<u>Day 5</u>

4. State a reason for the following statements based on their structure and bonding:

- (i) Diamond is a non-conductor of electricity.
- (ii) Crystals of sodium chloride are brittle.
- (iii) Linear solids like plastic sulphur are soft and stretchable.